

Exercise 3

Problem 1: A country's output vector is $X = (2, 2, 1)$, the world's output vector is $X^w = (55, 100, 110)$, the price vector is $p = (4, 4, 3)$, and the commonly used input output coefficients are

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

where the first row describes labor coefficients, the second row describes land coefficients, and the third row describes capital coefficients. All countries have identical homothetic preferences and balanced trade.

- a) Describe the country's pattern of commodity trade.
- b) Describe its pattern of trade in factor content.
- c) What are the equilibrium factor prices?

Problem 2: Carry out the empirical exercises that you find at the end of chapter 2 in the Feenstra book. You can download the data and stata do files at this URL:

<http://cid.econ.ucdavis.edu/Books/Graduate/Chapter-2.zip>

Problem 3: Consider the new trade Dixit-Stiglitz monopolistic competition model à la Krugman (AER 80).

- a) Solve the theoretical problem 5.2 in the Feenstra book.
- b) Solve the model in Krugman AER 80 for the equilibrium number of firms.
- c) Analyze how the integration of two equally sized (i.e. $L = L^*$), formerly autarkic countries affects the number of firms in each country, the total number of products available, and the utility of consumers.