

Homework 6

due: Monday, May 3, in class

Problem 1: Consider an exchange economy with two agents, A and B, and two commodities, 1 and 2. The respective utility functions are $U^A(x_1, x_2) = (x_1 x_2)^2$ and $U^B(x_1, x_2) = \ln x_1 + 2 \ln x_2$. The endowments are $e^A = (18, 4)$ and $e^B = (3, 6)$. Let prices be denoted by p_1 and p_2 .

- a) For each agent, A and B, write down their budget constraint and derive their demand functions.
- b) Use the market clearing condition(s) to find the market equilibrium, i.e. the equilibrium relative price and the equilibrium quantities.
- c) Graphically depict your solution in an Edgeworth-box. Explain why and in which sense the market equilibrium from b) is efficient.

Problem 2: Again, consider an exchange economy populated by George and Laura. Both of them have identical preferences which can be represented by $U(x_1, x_2) = x_1 - 1/x_2$, take prices as given, and have endowment vectors $(e_1^G = 8, e_2^G = 0)$ and $(e_1^L = 0, e_2^L = 8)$ respectively.

- a) Draw the corresponding Edgeworth box, indicate the endowment point, sketch a few indifference curves, and depict the contract curve.
- b) Calculate the market outcome, i.e. equilibrium price and quantities.
- c) State Walras' law and verify it for this economy.

Problem 3: Consider the following two games between a seller who has to decide whether to offer high or low quality and a buyer who has to decide simultaneously whether to buy:

game A	high	low
buy	6, 10	-2, 4
not	0, 2	0, 0

game B	high	low
buy	6, 4	-2, 10
not	0, 0	0, 2

(where the first number indicates the buyer's pay-off and the second the seller's)

- a) In each game and for each player's actions, find the best response of her opponent.
- b) Do the buyer and/or the seller have a dominant strategy in either game? Indicate the dominant strategies if there are any.
- c) Find the Nash-equilibrium for both games.

Problem 4: Consider a market with inverse demand function $P = 120 - Q$ and two companies that engage in quantity competition (Cournot duopoly). The cost function of the first company is $C_1(Q_1) = 20Q_1$ and for the second it is $C_2(Q_2) = 10Q_2$.

- a) Find the best response functions of both companies.
- b) Find the Nash-equilibrium. Also calculate the market price and profits in this equilibrium.
- c) Suppose company 1 gets to move first (Stackelberg leader). What quantity will company 1 set, taking into account the response of the second company? What is the resulting price and the profits in this equilibrium?